

Mark Scheme (Results)

Summer 2015

Pearson Edexcel GCE in Decision Mathematics 2 (6690/01)

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General Marking Guidance

- All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.
- Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.
- There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.
- All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded. Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme. Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.
- Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.
- Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.

EDEXCEL GCE MATHEMATICS

General Instructions for Marking

- 1. The total number of marks for the paper is 75.
- 2. The Edexcel Mathematics mark schemes use the following types of marks:
- **M** marks: method marks are awarded for 'knowing a method and attempting to apply it', unless otherwise indicated.
- A marks: Accuracy marks can only be awarded if the relevant method (M) marks have been earned.
- **B** marks are unconditional accuracy marks (independent of M marks)
- Marks should not be subdivided.
- 3. Abbreviations

These are some of the traditional marking abbreviations that will appear in the mark schemes.

- bod benefit of doubt
- ft follow through
- the symbol $\sqrt{\text{ will be used for correct ft}}$
- cao correct answer only
- cso correct solution only. There must be no errors in this part of the question to obtain this mark
- isw ignore subsequent working
- awrt answers which round to
- SC: special case
- oe or equivalent (and appropriate)
- dep dependent
- indep independent
- dp decimal places
- sf significant figures
- * The answer is printed on the paper
- The second mark is dependent on gaining the first mark
- 4. All A marks are 'correct answer only' (cao.), unless shown, for example, as A1 ft to indicate that previous wrong working is to be followed through. After a misread however, the subsequent A marks affected are treated as A ft, but manifestly absurd answers should never be awarded A marks.
- 5. For misreading which does not alter the character of a question or materially simplify it, deduct two from any A or B marks gained, in that part of the question affected.
- 6. If a candidate makes more than one attempt at any question:
 - If all but one attempt is crossed out, mark the attempt which is NOT crossed out.

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- If either all attempts are crossed out or none are crossed out, mark all the attempts and score the highest single attempt.
- 7. Ignore wrong working or incorrect statements following a correct answer.

Question Number	Scheme									Marks	S
1.(a)	b.v. r x	1 0	$ \begin{array}{c c} y \\ -5 \\ \hline \frac{1}{2} \\ -\frac{3}{2} \end{array} $	5 -2	1 0 0	$ \begin{array}{c c} s \\ -\frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{4} \\ -\frac{1}{4} \end{array} $	t 0 0 1	5 5 3	Row ops $R_1 - 2R_2$ $R_2 \div 4$ $R_3 - R_2$	M1 A1 M1 A1ft A1	(5)
	P	0	$\frac{7}{2}$	1	0	$\frac{3}{4}$	0	15	$R_4 + 3R_2$		
(b)	$P + \frac{7}{2}y = 0$ $r = 5, s$									B1ft B1 7 marks	(2)

- a1M1: Correct pivot located (4 in column *x*), attempt to divide row
- a1A1: Pivot row correct including change of b.v.
- a2M1: **All** values in one of the non-pivot rows correct **or** one of the non zero and one columns (y, z, s) or value) correct following through their choice of pivot from column x
- a2A1ft: Row operations used correctly at least twice, i.e. **two** of the non zero and one columns (y, z, s) or value) correct following through their choice of pivot from column x
- a3A1: CAO no follow through all values and row operations correctly stated allow if row operations given in terms of old row 2 **ignore b.v. column for this mark**

b1B1ft: Follow their profit equation from (a) dependent on scoring both M marks in (a)

b2B1: CAO (no follow through) for slack variables (r = 5, s = 0, t = 3)

Pivoting on the 1 in the *x*-column

b.v.	х	у	Z	r	S	t	V
r	0	-2	-7	1	0	-2	-1
S	0	6	-24	0	1	-4	-12
Х	1	-1	4	0	0	1	8
P	0	-1	19	0	0	3	24

Pivoting on the 2 in the *x*-column

b.v.	х	у	Z	r	S	t	V
х	1	-2	0.5	0.5	0	0	7.5
S	0	10	-10	-2	1	0	-10
t	0	1	3.5	-0.5	0	1	0.5
P	0	-4	8.5	1.5	0	0	22.5

Question Number	Scheme	Marks
2.(a)	The gains (or losses) made by one player are exactly balanced by the losses (or gains) made by the other player.	B1 (1)
(b)	5	B1 (1)
(c)	Row minimum $\{-3,0,-5\}$ Row maximin = 0	M1
	Column maximum $\{2,4,2\}$ Column minimax = 2	A1
	$0 \neq 2$ so no stable solution	A1 (3)
(d)	Column 1 dominates column 2 so remove column 2	B1
, ,	$\begin{pmatrix} 3 & 0 & -2 \\ -2 & -1 & 5 \end{pmatrix}$	B1ft B1 (3)
(e)	(Let p = probability that Greg plays new row 1) If R plays 1: G's expected winnings = $3p - 2(1-p)$ (= $5p - 2$) If R plays 2: G's expected winnings = $0p - 1(1-p)$ (= $p - 1$) If R plays 3: G's expected winnings = $-2p + 5(1-p)$ (= $-7p + 5$)	M1 A1
	$p-1 = -7p + 5$ $8p = 6$ $p = \frac{3}{4}$	DM1 A1
	G should play 1 with probability $\frac{3}{4}$, 2 never and play 3 with probability $\frac{1}{4}$	A1ft
	The value of the game to G is $-\frac{1}{4}$	A1 (8) 16 marks

|--|

a1B1: CAO (indication that **either** the losses of one (player) are balanced by the gains of the other (player) **or** that the total points scored by both (players) is zero)

b1B1: CAO (5)

c1M1: Clear attempt to find the Row maximin and Column minimax (either the Row minimums or Column maximums correct **or** at least four (of the six) values stated correctly)

c1A1: Correct Row maximin and Column minimax (dependent on all row mins and column maxs correct)

c2A1: CAO (so both previous marks must have been awarded) states $0 \neq 2$ (or row (maximin) \neq col (minimax) as long as 0 is clearly identified as the row maximin and 2 as the column minimax) **and** draws the correct conclusion

d1B1: CAO (accept reduced matrix or 'column 1 dominates column 2' or column crossed out). Allow recovery later (seeing the correct 2×3 matrix implies all three marks in this part)

d2B1ft: Either 3×2 matrix with correct values **for G** (so all signs changed correctly) or 2×3 matrix with correct values **for G** (condone incorrect signs). If incorrect column deleted (so B0 for first mark in this part) then allow this mark on the ft for their 3×2 matrix transposed 'correctly' **for G** (both values **and** signs 'correct')

d3B1: CAO

e1M1: Setting up all three probability expressions (allow p-1), implicit definition of 'p'

e1A1: CAO (condone incorrect simplification)

e1B1ft: Attempt at three lines (correct slant direction and relative intersection with 'axes'), accept p > 1 or p < 0 here but must go from 'axis' to 'axis' (give bod if close). Must be functions of p

e2B1: CAO $0 \le p \le 1$, scaling correct and clear (expect to see 1 line = 1, although other scalings are acceptable eg 1 line = 2), condone lack of labels. Rulers used

e2DM1: Finding their correct optimal point, must have three lines and set up an equation to find $0 \le p \le 1$. Dependent on first B mark in this part. Must have three intersection points. Solving all three simultaneous equations and stating incorrect p is M0

e2A1: CSO (must have scored all previous marks in (e))

e3A1ft: All three options listed must ft from their p ($0 \le p \le 1$), check page 1 for G should never play 2. Dependent on both previous M marks in this part

e4A1: CAO $\left(-\frac{1}{4}\right)$

SC1: If column 1 is deleted in (d) candidates can earn a maximum in (e) of

M1 A0 B1 B0 M1 A0 A1 A1 (max. of 5) – the penultimate A mark is for G should play 1 never, play 2 and 3 with probability $\frac{1}{2}$, final A mark is for the value of the game being $-\frac{3}{2}$

SC2: If column 3 is deleted in (d) candidates can earn a maximum in (e) of

M1 A0 B1 B0 M0 A0 A0 A0 (max. of 2)

Question Number	Scheme	Mark	s
3.(a)	Prim: AF, EF, BE, BC, CD, DG	M1 A1	(2)
(b)	$2 \times 136 = 272 \text{ (km)}$	B1	(1)
(c)	A F E B C D G A 21 20 19 27 24 25 30 = 166 (km)	B1 B1	(2)
(d)	Starting at F route length is $153 + x$ With $x > 21$, $153 + x$ is greater than 166 so the better upper bound is the one	B1	
	starting at A	DB1	(2)
(e)	Length of RMST = 115	B1	
	115 + 21 + x = 159 : x = 23 (km)	M1 A1	(3)
(f)	159 ≤ optimal ≤ 166 [accept 159 < optimal ≤ 166]	B2,1,0 12 marks	(2)

a1M1: Must be using Prim's algorithm not NNA – if any arc creates a cycle then M0. First four arcs (or all 7 nodes / or numbers across the top of the matrix) selected correctly. Award M1 only for a correct tree with no working. Award M1 only for the first four arcs (oe) selected correctly if starting at a different node than A

a1A1: CAO (order of arc selection clear)

b1B1: CAO (272)

c1B1: CAO – must be either in terms of nodes or arcs (not weights)

c2B1: CAO (166)

d1B1: Either 153 + x or states a value in the interval 174 < value < 180 or considers one of the intervals 174 < value < 180 or $175 \le \text{value} \le 179$

d2DB1: Correct argument that A gives the better upper bound. Must be considering either x > 21 or $x \ge 22$ with 153 (so expect to see as a minimum the mention of > 174 or ≥ 175) – must be clear that the upper bound starting at A is the better upper bound. This mark is dependent on the previous B mark in (d)

e1B1: CAO (length of RMST) – the length (115 or 19 + 20 + 27 + 24 + 25) must be either explicitly stated **or** seen in their working (not just implied by their working)

e1M1: Adding the **correct** two least values (21 and x) to **their** RMST length (their RMST may be incorrect but must contain only 5 arcs) and equating to 159. Accept, for example, 136 + x = 159 or 136 + 23 = 159 or 115 + 21 + 23 = 159 or equivalent calculations using the length of their RMST

e1A1: CAO (must be clear that (x =) 23 not just embedded in a calculation)

f1B1: Any indication of an interval containing 159 (as a lower bound) and **their** stated better upper bound from (d)

f2B1: CAO either 159 \leq optimal (oe) \leq 166 or 159 < optimal (oe) \leq 166

Question Number	Scheme	Mark	S
4.(a)	$C_1 = 45, \ C_2 = 73$	B1 B1	(2)
(b)	45	B1ft	(1)
(c)	20	B1	(1)
(d)	The maximum capacity of the arcs flowing into G is 21 and so both GF and GT cannot be full to capacity as the capacity of the arcs flowing out of G is 26	B1	(1)
(e)	S $ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	M1 A1 7 marks	(2)

a1B1: CAO for $C_1(45)$ a2B1: CAO for $C_2(73)$

b1B1ft: 45 or the value of their smallest cut from (a)

c1B1: CAO (20)

d1B1: CAO – argument must be numerical in nature (as a minimum accept 26 > 21 (oe))

 $e1M1: Consistent\ flow\ pattern-check\ each\ node,\ must\ have\ exactly\ 1\ number\ per\ arc\ (arc\ EC\ must\ be\ 4,$

AD - 10 and DF - 3 but all other arcs may have over-capacatiated values)

e1A1: CAO

Question Number	Scheme										S
5.(a)	P A 74 – θ B	Q R θ		givi	ng	A B	P 24 58	Q 50	R	M1 A1	(2)
	C 13 + θ D	$50 - \theta$				C D	63	7	78		
(b)		Shadow costs 0 -13 -11 11	A B C D	20 P X X X -9	5 Q X 23 20 X	-1 R 14 22 33 X				M1 A1	
	$\begin{array}{c c} & P \\ A & 24 - \theta \\ B & \\ C & \\ D & \theta \\ \end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{c c} Q & R \\ \hline 50 + \theta & \\ \hline 7 - \theta & \\ \end{array} $		giving	A B C D	P 17 58 63 7		Q 57	78	M1 A1	(4)
	Entering cell DP, exiting cell DQ										
		Shadow costs		20 P	5 Q	8 R					
(c)		0 -13 -11 2	A B C D	X X X X	X 23 20 9	5 13 24 X	1.			M1 A1 A	(3)
(4)	(£) 2532	ptimal since n	o neg	ative ii	mprove	ment in	aices			D1	(1)
(d) (e)	Let x_{ij} be the number of units transported from i to j where $i \in \{A, B, C, D\}$, $j \in \{P, Q, R\}$ and $x_{ij} \ge 0$ Minimise (C =) $20x_{AP} + 5x_{AQ} + 13x_{AR} + 7x_{BP} + 15x_{BQ} + 8x_{BR} + 9x_{CP} + 14x_{CQ} + 21x_{CR} + 22x_{DP} + 16x_{DQ} + 10x_{DR}$								_P +	B1 B1 B1 M1 A1	(1)
	$14x_{CQ} + 21x_{CR} + 22x_{DP} + 16x_{DQ} + 10x_{DR}$ Subject to $x_{AP} + x_{AQ} + x_{AR} \le 74$ or $\sum x_{Aj} \le 74$ $x_{BP} + x_{BQ} + x_{BR} \le 58 \text{ or } \sum x_{Bj} \le 58$ $x_{CP} + x_{CQ} + x_{CR} \le 63 \text{ or } \sum x_{Cj} \le 63$ $x_{DP} + x_{DQ} + x_{DR} \le 85 \text{ or } \sum x_{Dj} \le 85$ $x_{AP} + x_{BP} + x_{CP} + x_{DP} \le 145 \sum x_{iP} \le 145$ $x_{AQ} + x_{BQ} + x_{CQ} + x_{DQ} \le 57 \text{ or } \sum x_{iQ} \le 57$ $x_{AR} + x_{BR} + x_{CR} + x_{DR} \le 78 \text{ or } \sum x_{iR} \le 78$									M1 A1 A1 17 mark	(7) s

Question Number	Scheme	Marks

a1M1: A valid route, only one empty square, AQ used, θ 's balance

a1A1: Correct route, up to an improved solution (six numbers no zeros)

b1M1: Finding 7 shadow costs and 6 Improvement indices

b1A1: Shadow costs [Alt: A(20), B(7), C(9), D(31), P(0), Q(-15), R(-21)] and improvement indices CAO

b2M1: A valid route, their most negative II chosen, only one empty square used, θ 's balance

b2A1: CSO (for part (b)) (entering DP, and exiting DQ clearly stated)

c1M1: Finding 7 shadow costs and all 6 IIs or at least 1 negative II found

c1A1: CAO for the shadow costs [Alt: A(20), B(7), C(9), D(22), P(0), Q(-15), R(-12)] and 6 positive II

c2A1: CSO (for part (c)) + reason + optimal

d1B1: CAO (2532)

e1B1: x_{ij} (not just x) defined correctly (must include 'number of' (oe) and 'from i to j' (oe)). Withold this mark if x_{ij} is further defined as taking the values of either 0 or 1

e2B1: Defining the set of values for i and j **including** non-negativity constraint - withold this mark if definition is inconsistent with their later use in the objective function and constraints (eg A, B,... in the definition but 1, 2,... used in constraints and objective)

e1M1: Objective function (allow one error either in coefficient **or** variable) – minimise **not** required for this mark

e1A1: CAO – Correct objective function and minimise

e2M1: At least 3 constraints listed with unit coefficients (accept = or any inequality for the M mark) – rhs values must be correct

e2A1: At least 5 correct constraints (accept consistent use of = or \le on at least 5)

e3A1: All 7 constraint correct (accept consistent use of = or \leq on all 7)

Note: if there are inconsistencies between the constraints and the objective function then mark to the benefit of the candidate. For example, a candidate who correctly defines x_{ij} and its set of values and writes down the constraints correctly (based on their definition of x_{ij}) but in the objective function omits the x (so uses, for example, AP, AQ, etc.) then this would scored B1B1M0A0M1A1A1

Question Number				Scheme		Marks
6.(a)	Maximin					B1 (1)
(b)	Stage 3 2	F A B C S	Action GT HT JT DH EG EH EJ FH FJ AD AE BE BF CD CF SA SB SC	Destination T T T T H G H J D E E F D F A B C	Value 8* $5*$ $6*$ $min (10, 5) = 5*$ $min (9, 8) = 8*$ $min (8, 5) = 5$ $min (7, 6) = 6$ $min (8, 5) = 5*$ $min (5, 6) = 5*$ $min (6, 8) = 6*$ $min (17, 8) = 8*$ $min (9, 5) = 5$ $min (10, 5) = 5*$ $min (10, 5) = 5*$ $min (11, 6) = 6$ $min (8, 8) = 8*$ $min (12, 5) = 5$	M1 A1 M1 A1 A1 M1 A1ft A1 M1 A1 (10)
(c)	Maximum weig	$\frac{1}{10000000000000000000000000000000000$	onnes)			B1 (1
(d)	Route: S – B –					B1 (1)
(e)(i)	Increase HT (by					B1
(ii)	Maximum weig	ght = 10 ((tonnes)			B1
	New route: S –	C – D –	Н_Т			B1 (3)
	11011 10010. D	<u> </u>	· ·			16 marks

Question Number	Scheme	Marks				
Notes for Question 6						

a1B1: CAO

Throughout (b):

- Condone lack of destination column and/or reversed stage numbers throughout
- Only penalise incorrect result in value ie ignore working values
- Penalise absence of state or action column with first two A marks earned only
- Penalise empty/errors in stage column with first A mark earned only

 2^{nd} , 3^{rd} and 4^{th} M marks - must bring earlier optimal results into calculations at least once

Penalise lack of * only once

b1M1: First stage completed. 3 rows, something in each cell

b1A1: CAO condone missing * here

b2M1: Second stage completed with 3 states and at least 6 rows. Bod if something in each cell

b2A1: Second stage any 2 states correct

b3A1: CAO all 3 states correct (no missing/extra rows)

b3M1: Third stage completed with 3 states and at least 6 rows. Bod if something in each cell

b4A1ft: Third stage any two states correct. Follow through their * values or the correct * values

b5A1: CAO all 3 states correct (no missing/extra rows)

b4M1: Fourth stage completed with 1 state and at least 3 rows. Bod if something in each cell

b6A1: CAO final state correct (no missing/extra rows)

c1B1: CAO weight (8) (dependent on scoring all M marks in (b))

d1B1: CAO route (S - B - E - G - T) (dependent on scoring all M marks in (b))

e1B1: Indication of either increasing HT by 5 or increasing HT to 10

e2B1: CAO (10)

e3B1: CAO (S - C - D - H - T)

Special Cases for (b), (c) and (d)

SC1 Minimax: M1 A1 M1 A0 A0 M1 A1 A0 M1 A0 B1 B1 (Max 8/12) **SC2 Maximum**: M1 A1 M1 A0 A0 M1 A0 A0 M1 A0 B0 B1 (Max 6/12)

SC3 Minimum: As above (SC2)

SC4 Maximax: M1 A1 M1 A0 A0 M1 A0 A0 M1 A0 B0 B0 (Max 5/12)

SC5 Minimin: As above (SC4)

SC6 Working forwards: M1 A0 M1 A0 A0 M1 A0 A0 M1 A0 B0 B0 (Max 4/12)

SC7 Reversed states: M1 A0 M1 A0 A0 M1 A0 A0 M1 A1 B1 B1 (Max 7/12)

Question	Sahama	Morke
Number	Scheme	Marks

SC1 Minimax:

	I	I	T	
Stage	State	Action	Destination	Value
3	G	GT	T	8*
	Н	HT	T	5*
	J	JT	T	6*
2	D	DH	Н	max (10, 5) = 10*
	Е	EG	G	$\max(9, 8) = 9$
		EH	Н	$\max(8, 5) = 8$
		EJ	J	$\max (7, 6) = 7*$
	F	FH	Н	$\max(8, 5) = 8$
		FJ	J	$\max(5, 6) = 6*$
1	A	AD	D	$\max(8, 10) = 10$
		AE	Е	$\max(6, 7) = 7*$
	В	BE	Е	$\max(17, 7) = 17$
		BF	F	$\max (9, 6) = 9*$
	С	CD	D	max (10, 10)=10*
		CF	F	max (10, 6) = 10*
0	S	SA	A	$\max(11, 7) = 11$
		SB	В	$\max(8, 9) = 9*$
		SC	С	$\max (12, 10) = 12$

Weight: 9 Route: S - B - F - J - T

SC2 Maximum:

Stage	State	Action	Destination	Value
3	G	GT	T	8*
	Н	HT	T	5*
	J	JT	T	6*
2	D	DH	Н	10 + 5 = 15*
	Е	EG	G	9 + 8 = 17*
		EH	Н	8 + 5 = 13
		EJ	J	7 + 6 = 13
	F	FH	Н	8 + 5 = 13*
		FJ	J	5 + 6 = 11
1	Α	AD	D	8 + 15 = 23*
		AE	E	6 + 17 = 23*
	В	BE	Е	17 + 17 = 34*
		BF	F	9 + 13 = 22
	С	CD	D	10 + 15 = 25*
		CF	F	10 + 13 = 23
0	S	SA	A	11 + 23 = 34
		SB	В	8 + 34 = 42*
		SC	С	12 + 25 = 37

Route: S - B - E - G - T

Question	Sahama	Morks
Number	Scheme	Marks

SC3 Minimum:

		1	Г	Γ
Stage	State	Action	Destination	Value
3	G	GT	T	8*
	Н	HT	T	5*
	J	JT	T	6*
2	D	DH	Н	10 + 5 = 15*
	Е	EG	G	9 + 8 = 17
		EH	Н	8 + 5 = 13*
		EJ	J	7 + 6 = 13*
	F	FH	Н	8 + 5 = 13
		FJ	J	5 + 6 = 11*
1	A	AD	D	8 + 15 = 23
		AE	E	6 + 13 = 19*
	В	BE	Е	17 + 13 = 30
		BF	F	9 + 11 = 20*
	C	CD	D	10 + 15 = 25
		CF	F	10 + 11 = 21*
0	S	SA	A	11 + 19 = 30
		SB	В	8 + 20 = 28*
		SC	С	12 + 21 = 33

Route: S - B - F - J - T

SC4 Maximax:

G.	G	A	D .: .:	X7 1
Stage	State	Action	Destination	Value
3	G	GT	T	8*
	Н	HT	T	5*
	J	JT	T	6*
2	D	DH	Н	max (10, 5) = 10*
	Е	EG	G	$\max (9, 8) = 9*$
		EH	Н	$\max(8, 5) = 8$
		EJ	J	$\max (7, 6) = 7$
	F	FH	Н	$\max(8, 5) = 8*$
		FJ	J	$\max(5, 6) = 6$
1	Α	AD	D	max (8, 10) = 10*
		AE	Е	$\max(6, 9) = 9$
	В	BE	Е	$\max(17, 9) = 17*$
		BF	F	$\max(9, 8) = 9$
	С	CD	D	max (10, 10)=10*
		CF	F	$\max (10, 8) = 10*$
0	S	SA	A	$\max(11, 10) = 11$
		SB	В	$\max(8, 17) = 17*$
		SC	С	$\max(12, 10) = 12$

Question	Sahama	Morks
Number	Scheme	Marks

SC5 Minimin:

Stage	State	Action	Destination	Value
3	G	GT	T	8*
	Н	HT	T	5*
	J	JT	T	6*
2	D	DH	Н	min(10, 5) = 5*
	Е	EG	G	min (9, 8) = 8
		EH	Н	min(8, 5) = 5*
		EJ	J	min(7, 6) = 6
	F	FH	Н	min(8, 5) = 5*
		FJ	J	min(5, 6) = 5*
1	Α	AD	D	min(8, 5) = 5*
		AE	E	min(6, 5) = 5*
	В	BE	Е	min(17, 5) = 5*
		BF	F	min (9, 5) = 5*
	С	CD	D	min(10, 5) = 5*
		CF	F	min(10, 5) = 5*
0	S	SA	A	min(11, 5) = 5*
		SB	В	min(8, 5) = 5*
		SC	C	min(12, 5) = 5*

SC6 Working forwards S to T:

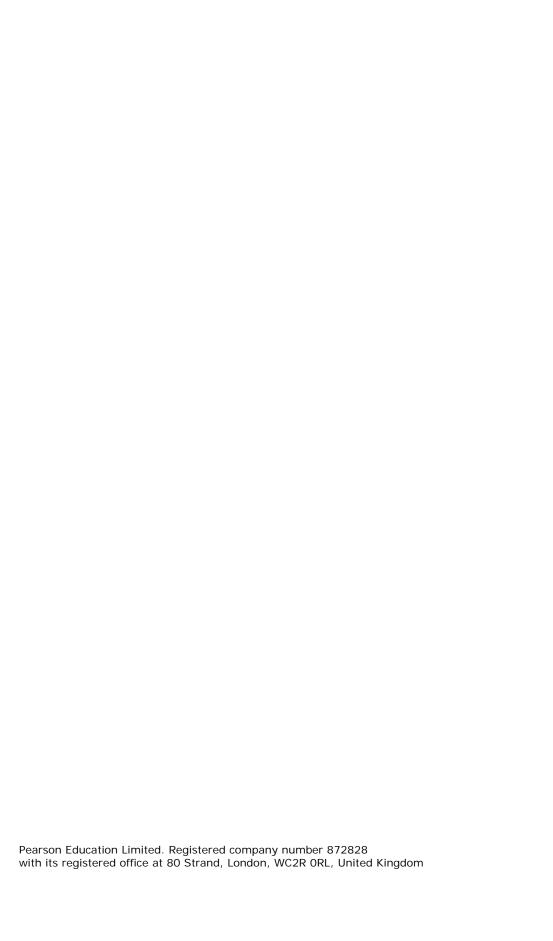
Stage	State	Action	Destination	Value
3	A	AS	S	11*
	В	BS	S	8*
	С	CS	S	12*
2	D	DA	A	min(8, 11) = 8
		DC	C	min (10, 12) =10*
	Е	EA	A	min(6, 11) = 6
		EB	В	min (17, 8) = 8*
	F	FB	В	min (9, 8) = 8
		FC	C	min (10, 12) =10*
1	G	GE	Е	min (9, 8) = 8*
	Н	HD	D	min (10, 12) =10*
		HE	E	min(8, 8) = 8
		HF	F	min(8, 10) = 8
	J	JE	Е	min(7, 8) = 7*
		JF	F	min(5, 10) = 5
0	T	TG	G	min(8, 8) = 8*
		TH	Н	min(5, 10) = 5
		TJ	J	min(6,7) = 6

Question	Sahama	Marks
Number	Scheme	ivialks

SC7 Reversed States:

Stage	State	Action	Destination	Value
3	T	TG	G	8*
	_	TH	H	5*
		TJ	J	6*
2	G	GE	Е	min (9, 8) = 8*
	Н	HD	D	min(10, 5) = 5*
		HE	Е	min(8, 5) = 5
		HF	F	min(8, 5) = 5*
	J	JE	Е	min(7, 6) = 6
		JF	F	min(5, 6) = 5*
1	D	DA	A	min(8, 5) = 5
		DC	C	min(10, 5) = 5*
	Е	EA	A	min (6, 8) = 6*
		EB	В	min (17, 8) = 8*
	F	FB	В	min(9, 5) = 5
		FC	C	min(10, 5) = 5*
0	A	AS	S	min(11, 6) = 6
	В	BS	S	min(8, 8) = 8*
	С	CS	S	min(12, 5) = 5

Weight: 8 Route: S - B - E - G - T



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